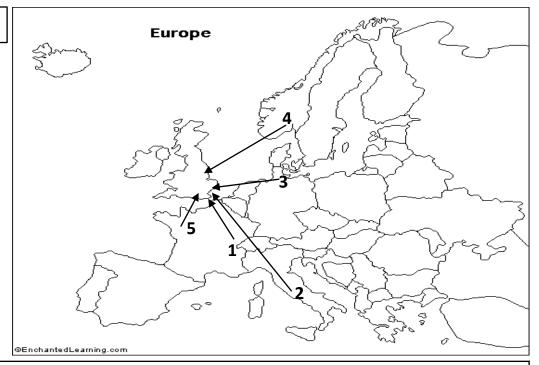


Knowledge organiser: Migration

- **1. 500BC** The Celts arrive from Central Europe.
- 2. AD43 The Romans invade Britain
- **3. AD410** The Anglo-Saxons invade Britain.
- 4. Late 8th Century AD The Vikings invade Britain.
- 5. 1066 The Normans invade Britain.



	Keywords	Definition
6	Migration	Movement of people from one country or place to another.
7	Migrants	The people who move from one place to another.
8	Settlers 🔐	People who go and live in a new place.
9	Invaders	A person or group that takes a country or region by force.
10	Interpretation	An historian's perspective of past events based on evidence.
11	Descent **	Origin or background of a person in terms of family or nationality.
12	Empire	An extensive group of states or countries ruled over by a single monarch, or state.

Roman Britain



Anglo-Saxon Britain



Viking Britain



- Romans arrived in Britain in AD43 and Leicester in AD47
- Romans developed the first towns and cities.
- They built the first proper roads in Britain.
- Romans were the first in Britain to use calendars and coins.

The Ivory Bangle Lady.





- Roman Britain was connected by trade and travel. This is shown by The Ivory Bangle Lady, who was thought to have been of African descent.
- There were wealthy Black people in Roman Britain. The artefacts, like the ivory bangle and a blue glass jug, found in the Ivory Bangle Lady's grave show this.
- Roman attitudes to race did not focus on skin colour but where people were from and skin colour did not determine your place in society.

- The Anglo-Saxons began arriving in Britain around AD410.
- The monk **Bede** wrote about the Anglo-Saxons in his Ecclesiastical History of the English People.
- The poem **Beowulf** is a significant contribution to our culture.

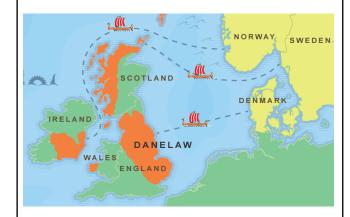
Sutton Hoo.





- Was discovered by Archaeologist Basil Brown in Suffolk 1939.
- Important pieces of **evidence** were found that reveal a lot about the **Anglo-Saxons**.
- Possible the burial site of Anglo-Saxon king Raedwald.
- Evidence such as the Helmet and gold buckle challenge the idea that the middle ages was a Dark Age and prove the Anglo-Saxons were skilled and civilised.

- In the late 8th century the Anglo-Saxons faced invasion from across the North Sea by Vikings.
- The Vikings were different groups of people from the modern-day countries of Denmark, Norway and Sweden.
- The Vikings were explorers.
- Not all Vikings were raiders.
- Vikings raided out of necessity.
- Taking land from others was part of Viking life.
- The Vikings first came to Britain as invaders.
- The Vikings raided far and wide across the world.



Map of locations where Vikings settled and ruled parts of Britain AD 9th Century.